

★ 代理商:深圳市琪远电子有限公司 电话:(0755)86228541 / 17727576605

ULTRA-SMALL PACKAGE PWM/PFM SWITCHING CONTROL

STEP-UP SWITCHING REGULATOR

Description :

The ME2129 series is a CMOS step-up switching regulator which mainly consists of a reference voltage source, an oscillation circuit, an error amplifier, a phase compensation circuit, a PWM/PFM switching control circuit. With an external low-ON-resistance Nch Power MOS, this product is applicable to applications requiring high efficiency and high output current. The ME2129 series switches its operation to the PFM control circuit whose duty ratio is 15 % with to the PWM/PFM switching control circuit under a light load and to prevent decline in the efficiency by IC operation current.

Feature :

更多产品请访问 : www.siitek.com.cn

- I Low voltage operation: Start-up is guaranteed from 0.9 V(IOUT =1 mA)
- I Duty ratio: Built-in PWM/PFM switching control circuit 15 to 78 %.
- I oscillator frequency : 300KHz
- I External parts: coil, diode, capacitor, and transistor
- I Output voltage range: 1.5V ~6.5 V
- I Output voltage accuracy : ±2%
- I Soft start function: 2 ms.
- I PACKAGE : SOT-23-5

Selection Guide :



Typical Application:

- I Mobile phones (PDC, GSM, CDMA, IMT200 etc.)
- I Bluetooth equipment
- I PDA
- I Portable communication modem
- I Portable games
- I Cameras
- I Digital cameras
- I Cordless phones
- I Notebook computers



Ver 03

TYPE	POSTFIX	PACKAGE	SWITCHING TRANSISTOR	CE FUNCTION	VDD FUNCTION	FB FUNCTION	FEATURES
ME2129Cxx	M5	SOT23-5	Build in Transistor	Yes	No	No	LX + CE
ME2129F	M5	SOT23-5	Build in Transistor	Yes	Yes	Yes	LX +FB

Pin Configuration :



SOT-23-5

Pin information :

ME2129Cxx:

Pin Number	Pin	Function			
SOT-23-5	Name	i unotion			
1	CE	Shutdown pin			
2	LX	Swich			
3	GND	GND pin			
4	NC	NC			
5	VOUT	Output voltage pin			

ME2129F:

Pin Number SOT-23-5	Pin Name	Function
1	CE	Shutdown pin
2	LX	Swich
3	GND	GND pin
4	VDD	IC power supply pin
5	FB	Feed Back voltage pin



Ver 03

Block Diagram :





Absolute Maximum Rang :

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
VDD Pin Voltage	VDD	-0.3 ~ 6.5	V
LX Pin Voltage	LX	-0.3 ~ 20	V
VOUT Pin Voltage	VOUT	-0.3 ~ 6.5	V
CE Pin Voltage	VCE	-0.3 ~ Vin+0.3	V
LXPin Voltage	ILX	±1000	mA
Power Dissipation (SOT-23-5)	Pd	250	mW
OperatingTemperature Range	T _{Opr}	-25~+85	
StorageTemperature Range	T _{stg}	-40~+125	



Ver 03

Electrical Characteristics :

ME2129D535

Measuring conditions :VIN=VOUT(S)X0.6,IOUT=100mA,VCE=VDD=VOUT ,Topt=25 . Unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output voltage	VOUT	-		VOUT(S)X 0.98	VOUT(S)	VOUT(S)X 1.02	V	2
Input voltage	VIN	-		-	-	6	V	2
Operation start voltage	VST1	IOUT=1mA		-	-	0.9	V	2
Oscillation start voltage	VST2	No external parts, voltage applied to VOUT		-	-	0.7	V	1
Operation holding voltage	VHLD	IOUT=1mA,Measure VIN voltage gradually	ed by decreasing	0.7	-	-	V	2
Current consumption 1	ISS1	VOUT=VOUT(S)× 0.9	5	-	2.3	-	mA	2
Current consumption 2	ISS2	VOUT=VOUT(S)+0.5\	/	-	20	-	uA	2
Current consumption during shutdown	ISSS	VCE=0V		-	0.1	0.5	uA	2
Line regulation	VOUT1	VIN=VOUT(S)×0.4 ~ ×0.6		-	30	-	mV	2
Load regulation	VOUT2	IOUT=10uA ~ VOUT/50×1.25		-	35	-	mV	2
Output voltage temperature coefficient		Ta=-25—85		-	±50	-	ppm/	2
Oscillation frequency	fosc	-		255	300	345	kHz	1
Max. duty ratio	MAXDUTY	VOUT=VOUT(S)× 0.95		-	78	-	%	1
PWM/PFM switching duty ratio	PFMDUTY	VIN=VOUT(S)-0.1V, no load		-	15	-	%	1
	VSH	Measured the oscillation	on at EXT pin	0.75	-	-	V	1
Shutdown pin input voltage	VSL1	Judged the stop of	VOUT 1.5V	-	-	0.3	V	1
°,	VSL2	oscillation at EXT pin	VOUT<1.5V	-	-	0.2	V	1
Shutdown pin input	ISH	VCE= VOUT(S) × 0.95		-0.1	-	0.1	uA	1
voltage	ISL	VCE=0V		-0.1	-	0.1	uA	1
Soft start time	tss	-			2		mS	2
Efficiency	EFFI	-			85		%	2



Ver 03

ME2129F

Measuring conditions : VDD=VCE=3.3V , Topt=25 。 Unless otherwise specified。

Parameter	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Feed back voltage	VFB	-	1.225	1.25	1.275	V	4
Input voltage	VIN	-		-	6	V	4
Operation start voltage	VST1	IOUT=1mA	-	-	0.9	V	4
Oscillation start voltage	VST2	No external parts, voltage applied to VOUT	-	-	0.7	V	3
Operation holding voltage	VHLD	IOUT=1mA , Measured by decreasing VIN voltage gradually	0.7	-	-	V	4
Current consumption 1	ISS1	VFB=VFB(S)× 0.95	-	1.5	-	mA	3
Current consumption 2	ISS2	VFB=1.5V	-	15	-	uA	3
Current consumption during shutdown	ISSS	VCE=0V	-	0.01	0.5	uA	3
Feed back voltage temperature coefficient		Ta=-25—85	-	±50	-	ppm/	4
Oscillation frequency	fosc	-	255	300	345	kHz	3
Max. duty ratio	MAXDUTY	VFB=VFB(S)× 0.95	-	78	-	%	3
PWM/PFM switching duty ratio	PFMDUTY	VFB=VFB(S)× 1.5, no load	-	15	-	%	3
Chutdown pip input	VSH	Measured the oscillation at LX pin	0.75	-	-	V	3
Shutdown pin input voltage	VSL1	Judged the stop of oscillation at LX pin	-	-	0.3	V	3
Shutdown pin input voltage	ISH	VCE=VFB(S)×0.95	-0.1	-	0.1	uA	3
	ISL	VCE=0V	-0.1	-	0.1	uA	3
Soft start time	tss	-	-	2	-	mS	4
Efficiency	EFFI	-	-	85	-	%	4

1. VOUT(S) is the set output voltage value, and VOUT is the typital value of the output voltage.

2. VOUT(S) can be set by using the rate of VFB and output voltage setting resisitors(R1,R2).

3. VFB(S) is the set output voltage value.

4. VDD/VOUT separate type:

1.8V VDD<6V is recommended to stabilize the output voltage and oscillation frequency.



Test Circuit :



2.



3.



4.





External parts (suggest):

- 1、Diode use Schottky diode such as IN5817 or IN5819 (forward voltage drop:0.2V)
- 2、Inductor: 22µH (r<0.5)
- 3、Capacitor: Tantalum type 47uF
- 4、Feed back resistors:R1+R2<50K

External parts selection for DC/DC converter:

The relationship between major characteristics of the step-up circuit and characteristics parameters of the external parts are shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1 Relationship between major characterstics of the step-up circuit and external parts

1. Inductor

An inductance has strong influence on maximum output current IOUT and efficiency .1. Figure 2 shows the relation between IOUT, and characteristics to L of ME2129.



The peak current (IPK) increases by decreasing L and the stability of a circuit improves and IOUT increases. If L is furthermore made small, efficiency falls and in running short, IOUT decreases. (Based on the current drive capability of external switching transistor.)



Ver 03

The loss of IPK by the switching transistor decreases by increasing L and the efficiency becomes maximum at a certain L value. Further increasing L decreases efficiency due to the loss of DC resistance of the coil. Also, IOUT decreases, too.

Oscillation frequency is higher, smaller one can be choosed and also makes coil smaller. The recommended inductances are 22 to 100 μ H inductor for ME2129.

Choose a value for L by referring to the reference data because the maximum output current is due to the input voltage in an actual case. Choose an inductor so that IPK does not exceed the allowable current. Exceeding the allowable current of the inductor causes magnetic saturation, remarkable low efficiency and destruction of the IC chip due to a large current.

IPK in uncontinuous mode is caluculated from the following equatuon

$$I_{PK} = \sqrt{\frac{2I_{OUT}(V_{OUT} + V_D - V_{IN})}{f_{OSC}.L}} (A)$$

fosc = oscillation frequency, $V_D = 0.4 V$.

2. Diode

Use an external diode that meets the following requirements:

- Low forward voltage: (VF<0.3 V)
- High switching speed: (50 ns max.)
- Reverse voltage: Vout + VF or more
- Rated current: IPK or more

3. Capacitor (CIN, Co)

A capacitor at the input side (CIN) improves the efficiency by reducing the power impedance and stabilizing the input current. Select a CIN value according to the impedance of the power supply used.

A capacitor at the output side (Co) is used for smoothing the output voltage. For step-up types, the output voltage flows intermittently to the load current so that step-up types need a larger capacitance than step-down types. Therefore, select an appropriate capacitor depending on the ripple voltage that increases in case of a higher output voltage or a higher load current. The capacitor value should be 10 µF minimum.

Select an appropriate capacitor with an ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) for stable output voltage. A stable range of the volatge at this IC depends on the ESR. Although the inductance (L) is also a factor, an ESR of 30 m to 500 m draws out the characteristics. However, the best ESR may depend on L, capacitance, wiring and applications (output load). Therefore, fully evaluate ESRs under an actual condition to determine the best value.

4. Precautions :

Mount external capacitors, a diode, and a coil as close as possible to the IC.

Unique ripple voltage and spike noise occur in switching regulators. Because they largely depend on the coil and the capacitor used, check them using an actually mounted model.

Make sure dissipation of the switching transistor (especially at a high temperature) does not exceed the allowable power dissipation of the package.

The performance of this IC varies depending on the design of the PCB patterns, peripheral circuits and external parts. Thoroughly test all settings with your device. Also, try to use recommended external parts.



Typical Application Circuit



For use chip enable



For FB and chip enable 1



For FB and chip enable 2



Ver 03



1. Output Waveforms



lout=1mA



lout=100mA





lout=1mA



lout=10mA



lout=200mA







Ver 03

(2) Responses of CE pin (CE: 0 2V)



3. Output Current vs. Output Voltage



4. Output Current vs. Efficiency





Package Dimensions :

SOT-23-5





• The information described herein is subject to change without notice.

• Nanjing Micro One Electronics Inc is not responsible for any problems caused by circuits or diagrams described herein whose related industrial properties, patents, or other rights belong to third parties. The application circuit examples explain typical applications of the products, and do not guarantee the success of any specific mass-production design.

• Use of the information described herein for other purposes and/or reproduction or copying without the express permission of Nanjing Micro One Electronics Inc is strictly prohibited.

• The products described herein cannot be used as part of any device or equipment affecting the human body, such as exercise equipment, medical equipment, security systems, gas equipment, or any apparatus installed in airplanes and other vehicles, without prior written permission of Nanjing Micro One Electronics Inc.

• Although Nanjing Micro One Electronics Inc exerts the greatest possible effort to ensure high quality and reliability, the failure or malfunction of semiconductor products may occur. The user of these products should therefore give thorough consideration to safety design, including redundancy, fire-prevention measures, and malfunction prevention, to prevent any accidents, fires, or community damage that may ensue.

《 17727576605 17727576605 更多产品请访问: www.siitek.com.cn